

CPCX Combined Patrol Combatant

Total Ship Systems
Engineering
Capstone Design Project
December 1995



CPCX Design Teams

Navy Variant

- Eric Anderson, LT USN
- **■** Bob Armstrong, LT USN
- **Jim Hurley, LT USCG**
- Robert Jones, LT USN

Coast Guard Variant

- Jay Renken, LCDR USN
- **John Comar, LT USCG**
- Helen Kilty, LT USCG
- Thomas Jean, LT USN



PROBLEM STATEMENT

- Design a dual service combatant for Navy and Coast Guard use.
- Design two variants of one ship.
- Minimize cost and manning.
- IOC 2010



Design Process

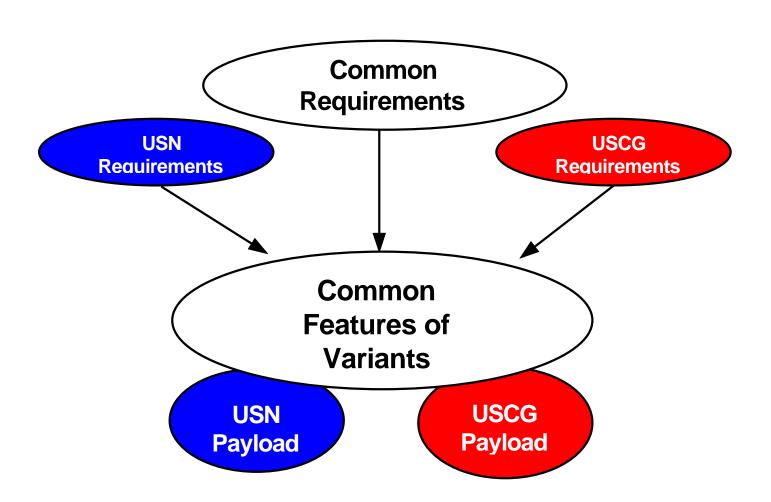
Mission Need Statement (MNS) **Faculty Direction** Operational Requirements Document (ORD) **Functional Analysis** Feasibility Study **Preliminary Design**



Design Philosophy

- 1. Meet or exceed ORD specifications
- 2. High Survivability/Maximum Mission Effectiveness
- 3. Reduced Manning/High Level of Automation
- 4. Low Maintenance/Improved Reliability
- 5. Improvement of Crew Habitability (Quality of Life)

Commonality Concept





General Ship Description

Navy Coast Guard

398 ft Length Overall 398 ft

15ft 11in Draft 15ft 9 in

51 ft Beam 51 ft

3980 LT Displacement 3934 LT

25 kts Sustained Speed 25 kts

110 Crew 106

28,800 SHP 28,800

Payload - Navy Variant

- X Band Phased Array Radar (XPAR)
- 37 cell Vertical Launch System (VLS)
- Rolling Airframe Missile (RAM) and Launcher
- 2, 40mm multi-purpose guns

ASW

- Active Towed Array Sonar (ATAS)
- 2 Surface Vessel Torpedo Tube mounts (SVTT)

ASUW

- Panther Helicopter Combat Version of HH-65
- 5" 54 MK 45 gun

EW

– SLQ-32 (V3)

Payload - Navy Variant Continued

- Mine Warfare
 - SH-100 mine sonar
- Communications
 - Joint Maritime Command Information
 System
 - Advanced Combat Direction System
 - Cooperative Engagement Capability
 - Tactical Data Links
- Operations Other than War
 - 2 Davit launched small boats

Payload - Coast Guard Variant

- AAW
 - X Band Phased Array Radar (XPAR)
 - Rolling Airframe Missile (RAM) and Launcher
 - 2, 40mm multi-purpose guns
- ASW
 - Not a mission area
- ASUW
 - Dolphin Helicopter HH-65
- EW
 - SLQ-32 (V3)
- Mine Warfare
 - SH-100 mine sonar

Payload - Coast Guard Variant Continued

Communications

- Joint Maritime Command Information System
- Advanced Combat Direction System
- Cooperative Engagement Capability
- Tactical Data Links

Operations Other than War

- 2 Davit launched small boats
- 2 Stern launched small boats
- Crane and buoyhandling equipment
- Added fuel capacity



Mission Need Statement (Faculty Direction)

World View

Navy Guidelines

Coast Guard Guidelines



World View

(Faculty Direction)

- Oceanic Naval warfare is unlikely
- Operations Other than War (OOW) are likely employments for U.S. ships
- Regional conflicts are likely between third world nations
- Tight Defense Budget
- Consolidation of roles of the armed forces
- Law Enforcement at sea will become more frequent and will be conducted against more heavily-armed criminals



Navy Guidelines

(Faculty Direction)

- Deployable and Fleet Compatible
- Operate in Littoral Environments
- Independent as well as Battle Group Operations



Coast Guard Guidelines (Faculty Direction)

- Detect, Intercept, and Defeat Well-Equipped Drug Smugglers and Pirates
- Interdict Illegal Immigration and Smuggling
- Perform Search and Rescue



Operational Requirements Document

Design Constraints Specific Design Requirements Projected Threat Summary



Design Constraints

Cost Displacement Convertibility



Specific Design Requirements

- Common
- Navy
- Coast Guard



Projected Threat Summary

- Law Enforcement Independent Operations
- Low Intensity Conflict Independent and Group Operations
- Major Regional Conflict (MRC) Force Operations



Functional Analysis

Functional Areas

- Detect
- Control
- Engage

Warfare Areas

- AAW
- ASuW
- ASW
- Strike
- MIW
- ELT
- OOW
- EW



Combat System Elements

- Radars
- Passive Sensors
- Sonars
- Guns
- Missiles
- Small Boats
- Mine Hunting Devices
- Architecture



Combat System Evaluation

- Measures of Effectiveness
- Combat System Suite Options
- Payload selection



Measures of Effectiveness

Navy

- Strike
- Air Engagement
- Sub-Surface Engagement
- NGFS
- Patrol Area
- Convertibility
- Boarding

Coast Guard

- Air Engagement
- Patrol Area
- Convertibility
- Boarding



Strike Effectiveness

$$MOE = \frac{N_m * R * P_T}{CEP * CS * N_K}$$

Nm = number of strike missiles

R = range of missile (km)

Pt = ability to target

CEP = circle error probability

CS = ship cost (M\$)

Nk = number of missiles needed for kill



Combat System Suite Selection

- Functional Analysis & System Tradeoff Study
- 3 Combat System Suite Options/Variant
- MOE Analysis
- Final Suite Selection

Payload - Navy Variant

AAW

- X Band Phased Array Radar (XPAR)
- 37 cell Vertical Launch System (VLS)
- Standard, Enhanced Sea Sparrow, Harpoon and Tomahawk
- Rolling Airframe Missile (RAM) and Launcher
- 2, 40mm multi-purpose guns

ASW

- Active Towed Array Sonar (ATAS)
- 2 Surface Vessel Torpedo Tube mounts (SVTT)

ASUW

- Panther Helicopter Combat Version of HH-65
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Payload - Navy Variant Continued

- EW
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Payload - Coast Guard Variant

- AAW
 - X Band Phased Array Radar (XPAR)
 - Rolling Airframe Missile (RAM) and Launcher
 - 2, 40mm multi-purpose guns
- ASW
 - Not a Mission Area
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Payload - Coast Guard Variant Continued

Communications

- Joint Maritime Command Information System
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Operations Other than War

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Combat Systems Architecture

- **Fiber Optic Ring BUS**
- Distributed Data Processing
- MM I Modules
 - Detect & Track
 - Correlate
 - Command & Decision
 - Weapons Control
- Two CICs in Separate Enclaves



Architecture Advantages

- Survivability
- Automatic Readiness Assessment, Fault Detection, and Localization
- Embedded Training and Support Service Management



Naval Architecture

NAVY Coast Guard

LBP	380'	LBP	380'
Beam	51'	Beam	51'
Hull Depth (amidships)	30'	Hull Depth (amidships)	30 '
Draft	15'11'	Draft	15'9"
Prismatic Coef., Cp	.576	Prismatic Coef., Cp	.576
Max Section Coef., Cm	.796	Max Section Coef., Cm	.796
Waterplane Coef., Cwp	.733	Waterplane Coef., Cwp	.733



Stability

USN	Parameter	USCG
7.67'	GMt	7.68'
.150	GMt/Beam	.151
18.34'	KG	18.41'
5.075 ' @	Max Righting	5.125' @
45.97 deg.	Arm	46.06 deg.



Hull, Mechanical, and Electrical Options

- Mechanical Drive Vs Electric Drive
- Single Shaft Vs Multi Shaft
- Level of Automation
- Type of Prime Mover (Gas Turbine or Diesel)
- Power Distribution (Conventional, Power off Main Bus, Propulsion Derived Ship Service)
- Compartmentalized Auxiliaries Vs Centralized Auxiliaries



Hull, Mechanical, and Electrical Selection

- 2 Diesels, 2 Gas Turbine prime movers using Combination Diesel and Gas Turbine (CODAG) configuration
- Electrical Drive Transmission
- 2 Shafts
- 2 Fixed Pitch Propellers driven by Fixed Podded Propulsors
- Common Ship Service and Power Distribution System
- Remote Monitoring and Automation
- Zonal Electrical Distribution



Manning

Navy		Coast Guard		
Department	<u>Crew</u>	Department	Crew	
Ship Support	13	Ship Support	14	
Combat Sys	52	Combat Sys	31	
Engineering	34	Engineering	34	
Air Det.	11	Air Det.	6	
		Operations	21	
TOTAL	110	TOTAL	106	



Convertibility

(four week shipyard availability)

Navy

1.5 inch Gun

- 2. VLS launcher
- 3. ATAS
- 4. Torpedo Space
- 5. Missile Illuminators

Coast Guard

- 1. Buoy handling Crane Environmental cleanup gear
- 2. Fuel Tank, Buoy
 Handling Equipment
- 3. Two Additional RHI's
- 4. Prisoner Containment Space



Survivability

- Signature Reduction
- Redundancy
- Uninterruptable Power Supply
- **CEC**



Signature Reduction

- Radar Cross Section (RCS)
- Infrared
- Acoustic Noise



Redundancy

- Two Physically Separate CICs
- Two Engine Rooms separated by three bulkheads
- DC Zonal Electrical Distribution
- Ring Information Network with multiple redundant rings
- Distributed Combat System Data Processing



Uninterruptable Power Supply

- 30 Ton Battery provides 1500 KW of holdup power
- Allows for Prime Mover restarts without loss of Combat System continuity
- Continued Operation of Combat Systems after complete loss of Main Engineering Spaces



Cooperative Engagement Capability

- **Common Composite "Big Picture"**
- Queued Search
- Queued Engagement
- Fire On Remote

Summary of Ship Characteristics

Navy Requirement Coast Guard Endurance

\$450 million Required \$375 million \$422 million Achieved \$309 million

Displacement
4000LT Required 4000LT
3980LT Achieved 3934LT



Further Study

- Single Mast
- Coast Guard over buying sensors
- Upper limit of cost and weight margins



Conclusion

- Dual Service Combatant
- Meets the operational requirements of both Navy and Coast Guard
- Ease of Convertibility
- Not "Littorally Challenged"



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