TRIBE: SHINWARI

PRIMARY LOCATIONS:
A large portion of the Shinwari Tribe lives in the Landi Kotal region, at the Khyber Pass, in the Khyber Agency of the FATA. The tribe straddles the Durand Line, and tribal members carry out cross-border social and commercial exchanges with Shinwaris in Afghanistan. Their home town is called Loargi, and they have three primary villages: Khuga Khel, Sheikh Mal Khel, and Man Sokai.

RELIGION/SECT:
The Shinwari Tribe belongs to the Sunni branch of Islam.

ALIANCES:
The Shinwari Tribe has been known to form alliances with the Mohmands, the Safis, and the Afridis. However, some sources indicate that the Mohmand Tribe is frequently in a state of conflict with the Shinwari Tribe.

FEUDS:
The Shinwari Tribe has historically feuded with the Khogiani Tribe, which is a Karlanri sub-tribe. There are some historical inter-tribal feuds over land.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION:
The Shinwari tribe falls under the Kansi branch and are Sarbani Pashtuns. This tribe has a reputation for bravery. During Britain’s colonization of India, the Shinwari Tribe was known to oppose the British forces in the region, and it also gave the Afghan King Abdur Rahman Khan trouble in the 1880s. In 1929, the Shinwaris’ rebellion helped to topple Afghan King Amanullah Khan. The people are described as being tall with a strong build and fair complexion. They are also superstitiously religious and esteem pirs, faqirs, and mullahs.

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the four Shinwari divisions, Mandezai, Sangu Khel, Sipah, and Ali Sher Khel, the Ali Sher Khel is the one predominantly on the eastern side of the Durand Line. The Ali Sher Khel clan has seven septs: Paset Khel, Autar Khel, Kall Khel, Par Khel, Sheikh Khel, Piro Khel, and Isa Khel. The main occupations of the Shinwaris are transportation and spare-parts trade. They are also involved in illegal narcotics processing and smuggling.

**KEY TERRAIN FEATURES:**
The Khyber Agency is a hilly area with narrow valleys. Several mountain ranges meet here: Lacha Gar, Karagah Ghar, Surghar, Tor Ghar Morgah, and Kalauch. The famous Khyber Pass, at 1,180 meters (3,870 ft.) ASL, is the gateway to Afghanistan through the Kuh-e Sefid range.

The Khyber Agency has two major rivers. The Bara River in the southern Khajuri plain provides for relatively arable farm land. The Kabul River forms the northern boundary, separating Khyber from Mohmand Agency. Another river in the agency is the Chora, which flows east-northeast on the north side of the Surghar range.

**VALLEYS – Maidan, Rujgal, Bara, Bazaar, Choora, Wachpal and Tirah**

**WEATHER:**
Khyber Agency experiences hot temperatures during the summer season, May through August. Maximum temperatures may reach 104 degrees, while the lows average 79 degrees. During the cooler months of November through April, however, average high temperatures reach 64 degrees and lows dip to around 39 degrees. Average annual rainfall over the Khyber Agency is 15 to 16 inches.

**MIGRATORY PATTERNS:**
Some Shinwaris may observe seasonal migration to the Peshawar Plains.

**IMPORTANT SHRINES:**
Haji Gul Baba Darbar in Piro Khel;
Hazrat Kaka Jee in Ash Khel;
Shaheed Baba near Mirdad Khel;
Hamaish Gul Baba in Piro Khel;
Da Bukhara Haji Saib in Sheikh Mal Khel’s Gur Guray region.

**UNITY & SECURITY:**
There are 24 Malik’s on payroll in Khyber Agency, three of which are from the Shinwari
Tribe.xxiii There are also over 3,000 Khassadars in Khyber Agency, appointed by the Political Agent, but the number of Shinwari tribesmen in the Khassadars is unknown. These Khassadars are responsible for securing main roads and government utilities.xxiv

RELATIONSHIP WITH TALIBAN/AL-QAEDA:
In January 2010, the Shinwari Tribe on the Afghanistan side of the Durand Line accepted $1M from the US Government for community projects. In response, the tribal elders pledged support for the Afghan Government and promised to fight the Taliban. The elders have declared that any Shinwaris found to be supporting the Taliban will be fined and forced out of the tribe, their homes burned down.

SHINWARI TRIBAL TREE

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iii A Dictionary of the Pathan Tribes on the North-west Frontier of India, Office of the Superintendent, Government Printing, India, 1899.


vi http://www.nps.edu/programs/CCS/Docs/Tribal%20Trees/Khogiani_Tribe.pdf


xii S. Iftikhar Hussain Shah, Some Major Pukhtoon Tribes Along the Pak-Afghan Border, University of Peshawar and Hanns Seidel Foundation of Germany, 2000, 70.

xiii Ibid., 69.

xiv Ibid., 69-70.


xviii http://www.bookrags.com/wiki/Khyber_Agency#Chora_River


xxiii http://www.globalsecurity.org/military/world/pakistan/fata-khyber.htm


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